SECTION 1: Language Use and Usage (20 marks)

Part 1: Signs (Nos. 1 - 2)

Directions: Look at each sign and choose the best answers to the questions. Each sign is followed by two questions. Both answers must be correct in order for you to gain one mark. If either of your answers is wrong, you will not gain any mark.

Example / ตัวอย่าง

No. 0. Look at the sign below.

WET PAINT

A. This sign says “___”.
1. This is used for wet paint
2. The paint is still wet
3. You must use wet paint on this item
4. We use only wet paint here
B. Where would you see this sign?

1. On a taxi
2. On a book
3. On a tree
4. On a fence

The correct answers are A2 and B4. Therefore, you must darken the circle under number 2 for question A and darken the circle under number 4 for question B as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item No.</th>
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Now start to work on the following questions.
1. Look at the sign below.

A. What does this sign mean?
   1. Stand near the bin.
   2. Throw your trash here.
   3. Buy this kind of basket here.
   4. This bin is useful.

B. Where can you see this sign?
   1. In a public park
   2. In a field
   3. In the kitchen of a house
   4. In a hotel room
2. Read the sign below.

![Do not disturb sign](image)

A. What does this sign say?
1. No one is in the room.
2. No one will disturb you.
3. Do not knock on the door or go inside.
4. People are not allowed in this area.

B. Who might put up this sign?
1. A hotel guest wanting to relax
2. A librarian warning users not to annoy others
3. A teacher telling her students to keep quiet
4. A manager leaving his office
Part 2 : Questions and Answers (Nos. 3 – 8)

Directions: There are two related questions in each item below. Choose the correct answer to each of the two questions. Both answers must be correct in order for you to gain one mark. If either of your answers is wrong, you will not gain any mark.

Example / ตัวอย่าง

No. 0.  A. Where is Mary?

1. She lives there.  
2. She left this morning.  
3. She went out. 
4. She is in the library.

B. What is she doing?

1. She works very hard.  
2. She is doing it.  
3. She is reading a book.  
4. She reads a lot.

The correct answers are A4 and B3. Therefore, you must darken the circle under number 4 for question A and darken the circle under number 3 for question B as follows:
รหัสวิชา 93 ภาษาอังกฤษ
วันศุกร์ที่ 5 กุมภาพันธ์ 2553
เวลา 12.30 - 13.30 น.

หมวดหมู่คำถาม 1 2 3 4

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Now start to work on the following questions.
3. A. How do you go to school?
   1. I live near my school.
   2. I go to school on foot.
   3. I went to school by bus.
   4. I go to school with my friend.

   B. This means that ___.
   1. I walk
   2. I ride a bicycle
   3. I go to school every day
   4. My friend and I go to school by bus

4. A. What do you usually do on your summer vacation?
   1. I study hard during the examination.
   2. I bought books and read them at home.
   3. I have already visited many countries in Europe.
   4. I either help my uncle on his farm or go camping.

   B. This means that ___.
   1. I want to play tennis
   2. I would like to go to France
   3. I like to do outdoor activities
   4. I enjoy reading science fiction
5. A. Why was Grace late for school this morning?
   1. She was caught in traffic.
   2. She has just arrived in a taxi.
   3. She always works late at school.
   4. She prefers to play tennis in the morning.

B. What happened?
   1. She gets up quite late.
   2. A bus has just run into a car.
   3. The taxi driver drove very fast.
   4. There was an accident near the school.

6. A. How often does Julia go to the movies?
   1. She often goes to the movies alone.
   2. She has seen the movie twice.
   3. She is going to see a movie this evening.
   4. She goes to the movies twice a month.

B. What does she like to see?
   1. She wants to watch ghost movies.
   2. She is going to see a Thai movie.
   3. She enjoys adventure movies.
   4. She has already gone out to a movie.
7. A. What does the new teacher look like?
   1. He is a strange man.
   2. He always looks serious.
   3. He is looking for his notebook.
   4. He is as tall as you are but thinner.

B. What is he like?
   1. He likes ice-cream.
   2. He is kind and friendly.
   3. He loves playing tennis.
   4. He is very happy today.

8. A. What does your father do?
   1. He is an engineer.
   2. He is watering the flowers.
   3. He has done all the work.
   4. He helps me do my homework.

B. Where does he work?
   1. He works very hard.
   2. He is working in the garden.
   3. He always works in his study.
   4. He works for a construction company.
Part 3 : Dialogues (Nos. 9 – 15)
Directions : Read each situation and the dialogue carefully. Choose
1) the appropriate expression for the first missing part (Item A) and
2) the response/ reaction to the expression for the second missing part (Item B).
Both answers in Items A and B must be correct in order for you to gain one mark. If either of your answers is wrong, you will not gain any mark.

Example:
No. 0. Situation : Mary sees John in the morning at school.

Mary: Good morning, John. __A__
John: Good morning, Mary. __B__ And you?

A. 1. Where have you been? 2. Isn’t it nice to see you?
   3. What are you doing? 4. How are you?

B. 1. That’s fine. 2. Oh, thank you.
   3. Fine, thanks. 4. It’s very well.
The correct answers are A4 and B3. Therefore, you must darken the circle under number 4 for question A and darken the circle under number 3 for question B as follows:

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Now start to work on the following questions.
9. Situation: Bob and Tom are talking about sports.

Bob: What are you doing, Tom?
Tom: I’m watching a basketball game on TV.

Bob: ___A___ Tom?
Tom: Well, ___B___ but I like to watch it. It is very exciting.

A. 1. Do you play basketball,
    2. How do you like basketball,
    3. Which basketball team do you like,
    4. Who is your favourite basketball player,

B. 1. I play this sport,
    2. I can’t play basketball,
    3. I think basketball is a good sport,
    4. I read about basketball every day,
10. Situation : At a party, Jane is talking to her friends, Kelly and Ben.

Jane: Have you two met each other before?
Kelly: __A__
Ben: __B__ We went to see John at the same time.

A. 1. Is that so?
   2. I'm sorry, I don't know.
   4. I don't think I have ever seen him.

B. 1. John is our old friend.
   2. It was all right. We met John.
   3. That's right. We met in John's office.
   4. John was right. He knows both of us.
11. Situation: Krit is helping his teacher carry some books to her desk.

Teacher: ___A___ Thank you very much, Krit.
Krit: ___B___

A. 1. What a boy you are!
   2. You must be a polite boy.
   3. It's very kind of you to help.
   4. You are always grateful to me.

B. 1. That's fine.
   2. Not at all.
   3. Don't say that.
   4. Forget it, won't you?

12. Situation: Suda has just dropped Miss Clarke's cup.

Suda: Oops! ___A___
Miss Clarke: ___B___ I have got another one.

A. 1. Look at that nice cup.
   2. I've broken your cup.
   3. Did you get a new cup?
   4. Do you like your new cup?

B. 1. Don't worry, dear.
   2. It's my birthday present.
   3. Please be more careful.
   4. Take good care next time.
13. Situation: Siree has just met a new friend at an international university.

   Siree: My name is Siree. I’m Thai and I study law. __A__
   Lisa: Hi, Siree! __B__ I just arrived last week.

A. 1. What do you do?
    2. What about you?
    3. What will you study?
    4. Are you interested in law?

B. 1. Oh, I can speak many languages.
    2. Well, I went to Thailand last year.
    3. Have you ever been to Jordan before?
    4. I am a new student from Jordan.

14. Situation: Your friend is crossing the street and he does not see a car coming towards him.

   You: __A__ for that car!
   Friend: Oh! __B__

A. 1. Stand still  2. Be careful
    3. Look out   4. Keep away

B. 1. I should.  2. No problem.
    3. I don’t mind.  4. Thanks for the warning.
15. Situation: Tina is telling Kanda about buying a new refrigerator.

Tina: I'm thinking of buying a bigger refrigerator.
Kanda: __A__ But it's rather expensive.
Tina: __B__ The fridge I have is too small.

A. 1. You like it.
   2. That's a good idea.
   3. Why do you want it?
   4. Don't you have one?

B. 1. Well, I think so.
   2. Oh, I like new ones.
   3. I think I need more money.
   4. I really need a new one.
Part 4: Sentence Completion (Nos. 16 – 20)

Directions: Read each sentence carefully. Then, choose
1) the item that best completes the first part of the sentence and
2) the item that best completes the second part.

Both answers in Items A and B must be correct in order for you to gain one mark. If either of your answers is wrong, you will not gain any mark.

Example:

No. 0. 1. The man in blue _A_ _B_ after he took a nap.

A. 1. will feel 2. had felt
3. felt 4. has felt

B. 1. refresh 2. refreshing
3. refreshed 4. refreshingly

The correct answers are A3 and B3. Therefore, you must darken the circle under number 3 for question A and darken the circle under number 3 for question B as follows:
Now start to work on the following questions.

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<th>Choice</th>
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</tbody>
</table>
16. Sarah will apply __A__ at an export company __B__.
   A. 1. work  
       2. for a job  
       3. for an accountant  
       4. an accountant  
   B. 1. as an accountant  
       2. to work  
       3. for working  
       4. of an accountant  

17. When a baby dolphin is born, it __A__ __B__ clearly.
   A. 1. not only can see well  
       2. only sees well  
       3. sees not only well  
       4. cannot see well only  
   B. 1. and can hear too  
       2. and it can also hear  
       3. but also can hear  
       4. but it too can hear  

18. Linda attended the meeting __A__ she __B__ ill.
   A. 1. although  
       2. since  
       3. when  
       4. whereas  
   B. 1. is  
       2. was  
       3. is being  
       4. has been
19. Tom has gained weight _A_ he _B_.
   A. 1. or
       2. if
       3. and
       4. because
   B. 1. ate much, too
       2. ate too much
       3. didn’t eat enough
       4. didn’t eat too much

20. Oh, this is really a good job offer. If I _A_ you, I _B_ it.
   A. 1. am
       2. were
       3. had been
       4. would be
   B. 1. would take
       2. am taking
       3. will take
       4. should have taken
SECTION 2 : Reading Ability (20 marks)
ส่วนที่ 2 : ความสามารถในการอ่าน (20 คะแนน)

Directions : In this section there are two parts: Vocabulary and Reading Comprehension.

Each part has its own directions. Read the passages carefully and choose the best answers. You will gain one mark for each correct answer.

ส่วนนี้เรื่องต่อไปนี้ และเลือกคำตอบที่ถูกต้องที่สุดเพียงคำตอบเดียว ในส่วนนี้นักเรียนจะได้หนึ่ง คะแนนเมื่อตอบถูกหนึ่งข้อ

Part 1 : Vocabulary (Nos. 21 - 27)

Directions: Read the passage carefully and choose the best word to fill in each blank.

In the past, man showed little care for the survival of living things. He 21 animals for food, skins, sport or for making preserved collections. 22 living things — such as plants, butterflies and birds’ eggs — and preserving them was once a 23 hobby. As a result, some species have 24 . Today in many countries, people are not 25 to collect certain species of plants and all birds’ eggs. Photographing plants and animals and 26 animal sounds are two 27 which have replaced collecting.

21. 1. changed 2. trained 3. hunted 4. followed
22. 1. Growing  
    3. Catching
    2. Collecting
    4. Raising

23. 1. public
    3. positive
    2. private
    4. popular

24. 1. struggled
    3. disappeared
    2. changed
    4. escaped

25. 1. allowed
    3. accepted
    2. admitted
    4. assigned

26. 1. using
    3. repeating
    2. recording
    4. selecting

27. 1. plans
    3. hobbies
    2. games
    4. exercises
Part 2 : Reading Comprehension (Nos. 28 - 40)

Directions: Read each passage carefully and choose the correct answer to each question. You will gain one mark for each correct answer.

อ่านเนื้อเรื่องต่อไปนี้และเลือกคำตอบที่ถูกต้องที่สุดเพียงคำตอบเดียว ในส่วนนี้นักเรียนจะได้ หนึ่ง คะแนน เมื่อตอบถูกหนึ่งข้อ

Passage 1

<table>
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<td>17</td>
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28. The largest class in the school is ____.

29. The total number of students in these four classes is ____.
   1. 69  2. 72  3. 141  4. 152
30. There are altogether ___ boys in these classes.
   1. 69  2. 70  3. 72  4. 141

31. The statement that is TRUE is “___.”
   1. There are more boys than girls in Prathom 3
   2. Prathom 2 is the smallest class in the school
   3. There are 4 more girls than boys in the four classes
   4. Prathom 5 has an equal number of boys and girls

Passage 2

Boiling water is dangerous. When water freezes, ice and snow on the roads can be dangerous. Thin ice is dangerous. Heavy snow storms and high tides may cause flooding. Homes and roads can be washed away.

32. We learn from the passage that ___.
   1. water can be dangerous
   2. flooding is caused by rainstorms
   3. we cannot drink boiling water
   4. we cannot walk on ice and snow
Passage 3

Air over the sea is damp. The sun warms the damp air which then rises and cools. Clouds are then formed. Clouds are made of tiny water droplets. When the droplets get bigger, they fall as rain.

33. We learn from the passage ___.
   1. when clouds are formed
   2. how damp air over the sea is
   3. why water droplets get bigger
   4. where rain comes from

34. The word “droplets” (line 2) means ___.
   1. clouds
   2. cold air
   3. damp sea
   4. drops of liquid
Passage 4

Many natural fruit juices with no added sugar contain more total sugar than fruit drinks which have had sugar added. Cow and breast milk contain a sugar called lactose, but this does not seem to cause as much tooth decay as sucrose.

35. We learn from the passage that ___.
   1. fruit drinks with sugar added contain less total sugar than natural fruit juices
   2. natural fruit juices contain both lactose and sucrose
   3. lactose can be found only in cow milk
   4. tooth decay can be caused by lactose

36. The word “this” (line 3) refers to ___.
   1. sucrose
   2. milk
   3. lactose
   4. sugar
Passage 5

Paul Nelson graduated from university and went to work overseas for a year. When he returned to his hometown, a big company offered him a very good position with a reasonably high salary. He accepted the job, but finally became bored with it and wanted to do something more challenging. Therefore, he put an advertisement in several newspapers, describing his work experience, his present responsibilities and the kind of work he was interested in.

Several days later, he got a letter in response to his advertisement. The letter was not from a firm, but from a man who wanted a job. In his letter he wrote: “Sir, could you be kind enough to mention my name to your present employer when you get a new job?”

37. Immediately after Paul Nelson graduated, he worked ____.
   1. abroad  
   2. at home  
   3. in his hometown  
   4. upcountry

38. Paul wanted to get a new job because ____.
   1. he did not have a good position
   2. his salary was not high enough
   3. he did not like his work any more
   4. he wanted to travel more often
39. To get a new job, Paul ___.
   1. wrote letters to several firms
   2. advertised in the newspapers
   3. announced what kind of work he wanted to do
   4. described his responsibilities in his company

40. The writer of the letter wanted ___.
   1. Paul’s position
   2. to be Paul’s boss
   3. an employer like Paul
   4. to say that Paul was kind